

VICE COMMISSION SAYS IT HAS GIVEN ALL REAL EVIDENCE

Other Papers Relate to Personal Rather Than Official Wrongdoing.

WERNER SAYS HE WAS INTERFERED WITH

Chief of Police Tells Starke He Took Orders to Hold His Job.

INVESTIGATION IN FULL SWING

Mayor Ainslie Tells of Appointing Vice Commission, and Chairman Starke of Its Work.

With 300 spectators, who packed the City Circuit Court chamber to the doors, following with eager interest every question and answer, while half a hundred more thronged the corridor outside the open doors, the taking of testimony in the Police Department scandal was begun by the special committee of the City Council at the City Hall last night at 8 o'clock.

The committee sat until 10:50 o'clock, then adjourned to resume the hearing on Thursday night at 8.

The great mass of testimony on which is based the report of the Vice Commission to Mayor George Ainslie, and from which were evolved the specific charges against Police Commissioners R. N. Goode, D. F. McCarthy and Clifford Well will never be given to the public.

CHAIRMAN STARKE OUTLINES POSITION OF COMMISSION
That was determined by the formal answer made by the Vice Commission to the summonses served on its members, which was made by Chairman Ashton Starke when he was called upon by City Attorney Pollard to state for the information of the investigating body, early in the evening, the attitude of the commission.

Mr. Starke had a copy of the preamble and resolutions that had been adopted by the Vice Commission after the summonses had been served on its members. Instead of reading the paper, Mr. Starke read from a manuscript he had prepared as follows: "The resolutions referred to being his text:

"The committee of citizens which has come to be known as the Vice Commission, and which was appointed by the Mayor of Richmond to assist him in determining the vice conditions in this city, and especially as related to police administration, has presented its report, the Mayor, with three reports, all of which are now in your hands.

"From the beginning this commission has proceeded quietly and dignifiedly. The task has been delicate and arduous. At no time would we have permitted ourselves to be placed in the position of prosecutors, while at the same time we have appreciated the weakness of humanity, and our sympathies have gone out to the unfortunate and erring.

ASKED TO DO CITY A SPECIFIC SERVICE

"We were asked to do a specific service. We have done it with all the deliberation, painstaking and care possible. We have no persons, only facts; and the merit of these facts you alone are to judge.

"In the beginning it was thought that if the work was to be thorough, it would be well to seek assistance from outside, and at the hands of men not known in this community. These agents were men of wide experience, thoroughly indoctrinated, and of course, had to be paid. They came from the American Social Hygiene Association, and a negotiable note held by a Richmond bank which the members of this commission have got to pay, testifies to the earnestness of this commission.

"After these agents had returned to their homes, we set upon checking up the information they had delivered through the medium of our own police force. We appealed to the Chief of Police, through the Mayor, to aid us, and to find a few men on his force in whom he had confidence, and whom he considered trustworthy.

CHIEF AND POLICE VOLUNTEERED NOTHING
"It should be said that the chief and these policemen volunteered nothing; they simply answered questions. In every instance their testimony corroborated that which had been brought the commission by outsiders.

"It is easily imagined that such an investigation would have brought to the commission any amount of irrelevant material, or that the Mayor, to aid us, would not have had a few men on his force in whom he had confidence, and whom he considered trustworthy.

"The whole memorandum which we have been scrutinized most carefully and checked over by men determined upon exact justice regardless of names or affiliations; and if the City Attorney is not satisfied that due care and diligence has been expended in so doing, the entire record is open to him.

"There is not one scintilla of legal evidence left in the records of the commission, or has any such been presented to us, not contained in our third report. We have not had to do with any personal moral disposition of any man. What remains in the way of memoranda are references to the ordinary common misdeeds of mankind, the erring brother, the pollutions of a social cesspool; and surely there cannot be any one with

TOO POPULAR WITH WOMEN

Jenious Wife Kills Prominent Georgia Physician.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
BLAKELEY, GA., March 30.—Because of her husband's popularity among his women patients, Mrs. T. E. Sheffield, wife of Dr. T. E. Sheffield, a leading physician of this city, lay in wait for him to-day and opened fire as he left his office. She fired five bullets from a .35-caliber revolver, all of which took effect. Dr. Sheffield was dead when his body hit the pavement. As the doctor fell, the woman fell upon his body and kissed him.

"Women wouldn't let him alone," was the plea as the police took her into custody. The shooting attracted a big crowd, among which were several women who were on their way to Dr. Sheffield's office.

The murder has created a great sensation, the Sheffield family being among the most prominent families in this section of Georgia. They have three small children and were extremely popular in social circles.

WILSON DECLINES TO REPLY

Does Not Think It Proper to Comment on Taft and Roosevelt Criticisms.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—President Wilson thinks some sort of etiquette should be built up to govern relations between Presidents of the United States and former Presidents. He expressed the sentiment to-day in saying he did not think it proper to reply to recent comments on his administration by former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt.

When, at his weekly conference with the Washington correspondents to-day, the President was reminded of Mr. Taft's recent comments on the administration's course toward the Philippines, and Colonel Roosevelt's remarks on the ship bill, the President declined to reply, and said, with a laugh, that he hoped, after leaving the office of President, his successors would not express opinions on what he might say about them.

ADRIATIC AT SEA WITHOUT COAL

Officers of the Marchioness of Bute Report on Plight of the Nefeli.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The Greek steamer Nefeli, from Spezia, Italy, for Delaware Breakwater, in ballast, is without coal and adrift east of Bermuda, according to officers of the steamer Marchioness of Bute which arrived to-day from Marseilles.

The Marchioness left with the Nefeli on March 14, under a line aboard, and started for Bermuda with the Nefeli in tow. Three times the line snapped, and on the 16th the Marchioness, her own coal dwindling, had to abandon her charge, about 100 miles east of Bermuda. The Marchioness put into Bermuda to replenish her stock of fuel.

The Nefeli is of 2,476 tons net, and is 270 feet long.

COLD WEATHER FOR SOUTH

Winter Blasts, Weather Bureau Predicts, Will Return To-Day.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Winter blasts will return to the South on Wednesday, and temperatures far below the seasonal will prevail throughout most of the Southeastern States, the Weather Bureau announced to-night.

The cold wave will touch the Gulf Coast and extend into Northern Florida. Cold wave warnings were issued to-night for Southeast Louisiana, the southern portions of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and for Northwestern Florida.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Fort Monroe to Jacksonville, and on the Gulf Coast from Tampa to Brownsville. An unusually heavy snow for the season fell to-day in Tennessee.

READY FOR "BILLY" SUNDAY

Patterson's \$200,000 Tabernacle Is Complete for Evangelist's Arrival.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
PATERSON, N. J., March 30.—Patterson's \$200,000 tabernacle is complete to the last nail, and is all swept and garnished for the arrival of "Billy" Sunday, while Patterson ministers have called off all Easter services, so that there will be no interference with Sunday's campaign. Easter services will be held in the churches only on Easter Monday, Sunday's "day off."

Sunday has established offices in the Exchange Building, and has numerous lieutenants in Paterson making all arrangements for his triumphal entry. There will be a prayer and praise service at the tabernacle to-morrow, at which a choir of 1,000 voices will sing.

MRS. TOWER BRINGS SUIT

Seeks Divorce From Son of Former U. S. Ambassador to Germany.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—Mrs. Georgianna B. Tower to-day instituted divorce proceedings against Charles Tower, Jr., son of the former United States ambassador to Germany. The suit is the culmination of a previous action against Mr. Tower, Sr., in which he charged the ex-ambassador with alienating young Tower's affections. It was reported at the time of the previous suit that young Tower had been married here while he was a student at Yale. Some time ago he denied that the woman was his wife. Her maiden name was Georgianna Burdick.

RECORD REAL ESTATE DEAL

Chapin Estate Buys Fine Arts Building for \$50,000.

BOARD MAY REJECT GAS LEASE OFFER

Hears Argument by Vice-President Evans, but Evidences Little Enthusiasm.

EXPECT REPORT TO-MORROW

McCarthy Puts Pertinent Questions, and Points a Moral by Citation From Bible.

Four members of the Administrative Board listened politely, but coldly, yesterday afternoon to a sixty-minute exposition of the leasing offer of the Southern Gas and Electric Corporation as presented by Vice-President M. D. Evans, of that company, and at the end of the hearing announced that the board will take the matter under advisement and file its recommendations with the Council Public Utilities Committee.

The committee sent the matter to the board at a meeting held on March 15, instructing that it be reported back with fifteen days. The board will, therefore, probably file its recommendations to-day or to-morrow.

Those who watched the proceedings yesterday were not left in doubt as to the attitude of the board to the gas-leasing proposition. The trend of the questions put to the representative of the applying company, as well as the frank skepticism with which the members received the claim that a lease of the works will result in the public getting better gas and better service, made it clear that the proposal to lease the gas plant will be sent back to the committee with the recommendation that it be rejected.

EVANS MAKES CLEAR PRESENTATION OF OFFER

Mr. Evans, in spite of a patently hostile atmosphere, made a good presentation of his company's offer, repeating in substance the principal arguments employed on two other occasions before Council committees by President Homer and Vice-President Pollitt, of the Southern Gas and Electric Corporation.

Much of his exposition was devoted to a critical analysis of a statement of John Hirschberg, of the Administrative Board, showing that municipal ownership and operation for the next five years would bring the city a larger return than would result from the operation of the plant under a lease.

Taking the same period of time embraced in Mr. Hirschberg's statement, Mr. Evans undertook to show that the net gain to the city as the result of private operation under the suggested profit-sharing lease would be \$196,626. Under the same arrangement, Mr. Evans claimed, the city during 1914 alone would have made additional profits of \$49,463.

The interesting development was a statement by Mr. Evans to the effect that the two leasing offers that his company has submitted are merely tentative, and that it is entirely probable, should competitors seek the lease, that more liberal offers would be made.

WILL AMEND OFFER IF PROPERTY IS WORTH MORE

"If we can be assured that the property is worth more, we will amend our offer in accordance with what the fact justifies," said Mr. Evans, "and a better offer may be made by us then. But we submit that we believe our figures are correct and that our offer is liberal."

Mr. Evans went in some detail into the Gas Department's annual reports to show that in preparing its statement of profits it had omitted certain disbursements which should logically have been charged against the profit balance.

The list of these omitted charges proved to be imposing. Mr. Evans laid emphasis on them. The trend of his argument at this point was that the Gas Works were not as profitable as the department's annual report showed it to be.

"If all these things that you have just told us are true, what is my object in seeking the lease?" demanded Carlton McCarthy, sharply.

"Because we think there is an opportunity here to make some money," replied Mr. Evans candidly.

"You do? Well, that's remarkable," commented Mr. McCarthy.

HIRSCHBERG QUESTIONS EVANS SHARPLY

Mr. Hirschberg spoke pointedly of the company's submitting to the city its "lowest bid," and describing it as a liberal offer. He questioned Mr. Evans sharply as to the thoroughness of the examination of the gas plant that has been conducted by his company. The latter replied that while he was not informed as to the thoroughness with which the works had been examined, he knew that one of the company's engineers had made an investigation and filed a report.

Mr. Hirschberg directed attention to what he called the rather unusual proceeding of the company in filing what it regarded as a liberal offer for the lease of the works without making in advance a careful study of the property it desired to lease.

COMPANY HAS ON FILE REPORTS ON PLANT

Mr. Evans replied that the company did have in its files an engineer's report on the plant based on a short investigation conducted about eighteen months ago. In making its offer it was guided further, he said, by the Gas Department's own reports. Mr. Hirschberg, nevertheless, thought that the company's whole proceeding resembled a willingness to buy a pig in a poke on the general assumption that at the price offered it would be impossible to lose.

There followed a sharp cross-fire of questions from Mr. McCarthy, who sought to pin Mr. Evans down to a hard and fast definition of what his company's offer was.

BORDER SITUATION IS NOT IMPROVED

Another Regiment in Readiness at Texas City, in Case More Troops Are Needed.

FUNSTON NOW IN COMMAND

Bryan Says Conditions in Mexico City Are "Uncertain, but With No Disorders."

WASHINGTON, March 30.—While Villa forces are delaying their attack on Matamoros, pending the arrival of artillery, the stage is being set for another battle at Laredo, about seventy miles southwest of Nuevo Laredo.

Border advice to the State and War Departments said the Villa forces bound to attack the Carranza garrison at Nuevo Laredo were expected to reach Laredo to-day, "where a battle probably will be fought." Earlier messages said Carranza troops were being assembled at Nuevo Laredo. The garrison will number 1,200 in all and presumably a part of the force will be sent out along the National Railway to meet the Villa troops at Laredo, if the battle is not already in progress.

Should more troops be necessary on the American side at Laredo, Texas, in the event of an attack on Nuevo Laredo, a regiment of infantry is in readiness at Texas City.

SITUATION ACROSS BORDER NOT CHANGED DURING DAY

The situation at Matamoros and at Brownsville, across the border, was unchanged to-day. The Villa troops repulsed on Saturday in their first attack were encamped five miles from the city, the State Department was advised, expecting to renew the assault on arrival of their artillery. Latest estimates of the losses Saturday said 300 Villa troops were killed, and an equal number wounded, while the Carranza garrison had ten killed and thirty-eight wounded.

On the American side a dozen guns from the Third Field Artillery are ready for any emergency. Secretary Garrison said the instructions sent to General Funston were similar to those given when bullets and shells fell on the American side during the fighting at Naco. The secretary refused to say, however, whether orders had been given to return the fire if the same thing happened at Brownsville.

The State Department had but meager advice from Mexico City to-day, Secretary Bryan characterizing the situation as "uncertain, but with no disorders." The food situation is again somewhat critical, Mr. Bryan said, but General Garza had given assurances that something will be done to meet the emergency.

REPORTS ABOUT VILLA LACK CONFIRMATION

Reports from the border that Villa had demanded of Zapata that General Felipe Angeles be installed as Provisional President in place of General Garza lacked confirmation at the State Department or at the Villa agency here. Some officials were inclined to credit the reported action of Villa, saying that he considered that General Garza was coming too much under the control of Zapata and his advisers, and that General Angeles could dominate the situation in the capital.

No foreigners have yet left Mexico City, Secretary Bryan said, although both the Carranza and Zapata officials have promised to afford them facilities to reach Vera Cruz.

PLACING ARTILLERY FOR RESUMPTION OF ATTACK

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., March 30.—Villa forces besieging Matamoros, opposite this city, to-night are reported placing their artillery in preparation for a resumption of the attack on the Carranza garrison to-morrow. Seventeen machine guns and ten pieces of artillery are said to have arrived at the Villa camp at Las Rusas, five miles south of the border, late to-day.

Major-General Frederick Funston, commanding the Department of the South, arrived in Brownsville to-day and spent several hours acquainting himself with the situation, especially with reference to the manner in which shots fired across the Rio Grande might endanger American lives and property. Three batteries of the Third Artillery also arrived to-day from Fort Sam Houston to re-enforce the United States position.

The Constitutionalist consul in Brownsville issued a statement to-night, asserting that Carranza troops had reoccupied Mier, opposite Roma, Tex., and Camargo, across the border from Rio Grande City.

THREATS CAUSE HURRIED RETURN OF VILLA

EL PASO, March 30.—Threatening of Torreon by troops of the Gutierrez faction has caused the hasty return there from Monterey of General Villa, according to persons arriving to-day from the south.

While no attack had yet been made on Torreon, it was reported fighting had been going on a short distance south between the Villa troops and the Gutierrez forces, headed by Generals Robles and Benavides.

Minor Merriweather, the Annapolis Academy graduate, who has been held several days at Sanillo by a charge of smuggling counterfeit money, arrived here safely to-day. He was expelled from the country by Villa officials.

AMERICAN MINING MEN WILL FIGHT AMENDMENTS

EL PASO, March 30.—Fifteen American mining men, representing foreign owned corporations in Northern Mexico, decided to-day to fight against the amendments to the Mexican Federal mining law, made recently by the Villa convention government.

According to the law, which goes into effect on April 1, all mining properties not being actually operated can be confiscated unless exempted under conditions which the mining experts consider impossible to fill.

RUSSIAN FORCES FROM PRZEMYSL NOW FIGHTING IN CARPATHIANS

Russian forces from Przemyśl are re-enforcing troops which for weeks past have been striving to carry the Carpathian passes in the face of stern opposition by the Austrians and Germans.

The presence of one Przemyśl division on the Carpathian front is noted in the Austrian official communication. That this is a struggle of the greatest importance, the result of which will "exercise a strong effect on the entire situation," is pointed out by Major March, military attache of the Berlin Tageblatt, who adds:

"The supreme army command has grounds enough for employing all disposable forces to avert a Russian irruption into the Hungarian plains."

In this region, particularly along the Hartfeld-Uzok front, the Russian actions, according to Petrograd, are developing "with perfect success, notwithstanding the enemy's stubborn resistance."

The nature of the fighting is indicated by the same official communication, which, telling of the desperate counterattacks, says the Russians captured on Sunday and Monday last seventy-six officers, 5,384 men and a great number of guns.

The Austrians have improved their advantage of having forced the Russians to withdraw from Bukovina, for in an advance from Cernowitz, the Russians admit, the Austrians crossed the Russian frontier and advanced half-way to Chotin. All ready the Russians are sending troops to that region to repel the invaders.

In the west attacks and counterattacks, with varying degrees of success, are reported. The Germans continue to bombard the bridges around Nieport, while from the sea to the Alsace and in Champagne there have been artillery actions. The seriousness of the battle for Hartmanns-Weerkopf, in Alsace, is shown by the fact that the bodies of 700 German dead have been found.

A somewhat new view of the Dardanelles operations is afforded by a correspondent, who says that apparently the allies have made no serious attempt to sweep the mines from the Dardanelles since March 15, and that while weather conditions for a bombardment have been of the best, with a quiet sea, there has virtually been no bombardment since March 18. "This correspondent stated the facts that bore the brunt of the last heavy shelling by the allied warships, and says:

"The damage sustained by the Turkish positions was uniformly infinitesimal to an almost unbelievable extent."

The death list of the steamer Palaba, which was sunk by a German submarine, has been placed of 111, and includes one American, Leonard Thrasher, an engineer, who had been living on the African Gold Coast.

DEADLOCK IS BROKEN IN EDUCATION BOARD

Eggleston Qualifies Before Notary at Blacksburg and at Once Wires Resignation.

BOARD ELECTS JAMES S. WILSON

William and Mary Professor Selected for Seat Made Vacant by Retirement of J. L. Jarman, of Farmville. Jackson Davis Resigns.

After the State Board of Education had been in deadlock for two days over the school question because of the declaration of Dr. L. D. Eggleston to serve and the insistence of the board that he should serve, the difficulty was overcome late yesterday afternoon by the qualification and immediate resignation of Dr. James Southall Wilson, of the faculty of the College of William and Mary, to fill the vacancy.

Immediately after the election of Dr. Wilson, Secretary Evan R. Chesterman telephoned him and requested him, on behalf of the board, to come to Richmond this morning, so that further delay might be avoided. Dr. Wilson, who was completely surprised at his election, replied that he would make every endeavor to be present at the afternoon session to-day.

BOARD EVENLY DIVIDED ON B. F. JOHNSON OFFER

The board is now evenly divided over the proposition of the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company to furnish schoolbooks at a 10-per cent cut on other prices offered, and, of course, the position of Dr. Wilson is not known. If he should be of opinion similar to that of Dr. J. L. Jarman, who is against the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company's offer, the deadlock would continue until such time as one side deferred to the manifest wishes of the other. Dr. Jarman has been holding over as a member of the board pending the qualification of Dr. Eggleston.

The resignation of Dr. Eggleston, who is superintendent of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, at Blacksburg, was the final outcome of a long telephone and telegraphic correspondence between himself and the board. Dr. Eggleston was elected to the board by the State Legislature, but had never qualified. He said that he was willing to qualify if assurance were given him that his resignation immediately after would be accepted by the board.

EGGLESTON INSISTS ON HIS RESIGNATION

The question was placed before Attorney-General Pollard, who, by virtue of his position, is also a member of the board, and he held at the beginning that it was doubtful whether the board could fill a vacancy by accepting a resignation. In a subsequent communication, Dr. Eggleston urged that his duties as superintendent of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute were so heavy that he did not care to shoulder additional burdens, and said that he had been advised by his physician not to add to his responsibilities. This was in reply to resolutions in the nature of an urgent appeal to Dr. Eggleston to qualify and give his experienced opinion on the B. F. Johnson Publishing Company's offer. It being pointed out in the resolutions that on account of his long service as State Superintendent of Public Instruction and his previous experience as an educator and editor of textbooks that he was especially fitted to pass upon the question upon which the board is now divided. Dr. Eggleston talked over the long-distance telephone with Governor Stuart and Attorney-General Pollard, and finally agreed that he would qualify, though there was an implied understanding that he would immediately resign, and the resignation he accepted, because of the reasons he had previously given.

QUALIFIES AND IMMEDIATELY RESIGNS

Dr. Eggleston qualified yesterday afternoon before Notary Public R. T. Ellett, of Blacksburg, and notified the board of his action, with the request that his resignation be immediately accepted. (Continued on Second Page.)

IMPORTED LA CAROLINA Cheroots, 10c. Made for most discriminating smokers—Advt.

KAISER AT BERLIN IN COUNCIL WITH LEADERS OF ARMY

Wants to Offset Fall of Przemyśl and Meet Situation in Dardanelles.

NOTHING OF OUTSTANDING FEATURE IN WAR ZONE

Fierce Fighting, as Yet Undecisive, Still Raging in Carpathians.

BRITISH CABINET IN SESSION

Every Reason to Believe That Liquor Question Is Given Consideration.

LONDON, March 30.—Germany's next move in the military field is the chief subject of speculation and conjecture here. According to reports from Petrograd, the German Emperor is at Berlin holding a war council with Field Marshal von der Goltz, the German military commander of Constantinople, and other leaders, and is planning a new campaign to offset the fall of Przemyśl, and meet the situation in the Dardanelles.

There has been nothing of an outstanding nature in either theater of land operations since the surrender of the Austrian fortress. Shipping, mining and bomb-throwing predominate in the west, while fierce fighting, as yet undecisive, rages in the Carpathians.

The British Cabinet met to-day, and there is every reason to believe that it considered the liquor question, and the standing nature in either theater of land operations since the surrender of the Austrian fortress. Shipping, mining and bomb-throwing predominate in the west, while fierce fighting, as yet undecisive, rages in the Carpathians.

U. S. REPLY TO BLOCKADE ORDER CABLED TO PAGE

As Soon as Communication Is Delivered, It Will Be Made Public in Washington.

CONTENTS NOT INDICATED

Known, However, That This Government Stands Firmly for Right to Carry on Trade With Neutral Countries.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The reply of the United States government to the British order in council decreeing a virtual blockade against commerce to and from Germany was cabled to Ambassador Page at London to-night for presentation to the British Foreign Office.

As soon as the communication is delivered it will be made public here and in London. Meanwhile officials decline to indicate what its contents are. Beyond the fact that the United States stands firmly for its right to carry on legitimate trade with neutral countries, even though they be contiguous to belligerent, little is known of the administration's position, in view of developments since the last note was dispatched inquiring how Great Britain and her allies intend to enforce their prohibition against trade of "enemy origin, ownership or destination."

Officials have pointed out, however, that the American government wanted more definite information as to the radius of action of the allied blockading fleets, and that the question whether the order in council was to be enforced under international law governing blockades or under the rules of contraband, had not been answered.

DIPLOMATS OF NEUTRAL COUNTRIES INTERESTED

Diplomats of other neutral countries have displayed great interest in the note. Several were among Secretary Bryan's callers to-day. Since efforts to bring about joint representations regarding the rights of neutrals on the high seas failed, it is understood that the Latin-American republics are anxious to move along lines set by the United States to establish their record which will form the basis for claims for damages suffered by their citizens through the activities of the allied fleets.

It was said at the State Department to-day that the usual practice of awaiting judgment by the prize court was being followed in the case of the cargo of the American steamer Antilla, seized last month. The records show that the steamer carried loads and machinery, both of which have been declared contraband by Great Britain. As to the ship herself, no reason for her detention, now that the cargo has been discharged, is known, and department officials expect her to be released soon.

VIEWS ON SINKING OF FRYE TO BE SENT TO GERMANY

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Views of the United States regarding the sinking of the German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich of the American ship William P. Frye finally have been put in the form of a note, which it is expected soon will be communicated to Germany.

Preparation of the document has been delayed, owing to the difficulty in getting adequate information regarding the ownership of the Frye's cargo of grain, but it now has been established that the cargo was sold while the ship was on the high seas, and before she was sunk. As the sale was not made to Great Britain, but to a private firm, it is held that the liability of the German government for damages for its destruction is unquestionable.

YALE STUDENT MISSING

Charles P. Goodhue Being Sought by Fellow-Students and Police.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NEW HAVEN, CONN., March 30.—Charles Prentice Goodhue, a Yale junior, and son of a wealthy retired New York banker, missing since Sunday night, is being sought by fellow-students and the police. His brother, Fisher Goodhue, is leading the search. No reason for his sudden disappearance can be found. Young Goodhue has relatives in Washington.

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